



Java in the Database

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Apache Derby

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Plug It!

- Dock a free database in your code
- Dock your code to the database





Sample Function

```
public static int computeAge
( java.sql.Date date)
{
    long interval =
        System.currentTimeMillis() - date.getTime();
    return (int)
        (interval / MILLISECOND_IN_YEAR);
}
```



General Overview

- Derby Overview
- User Code in the Database
- Demo



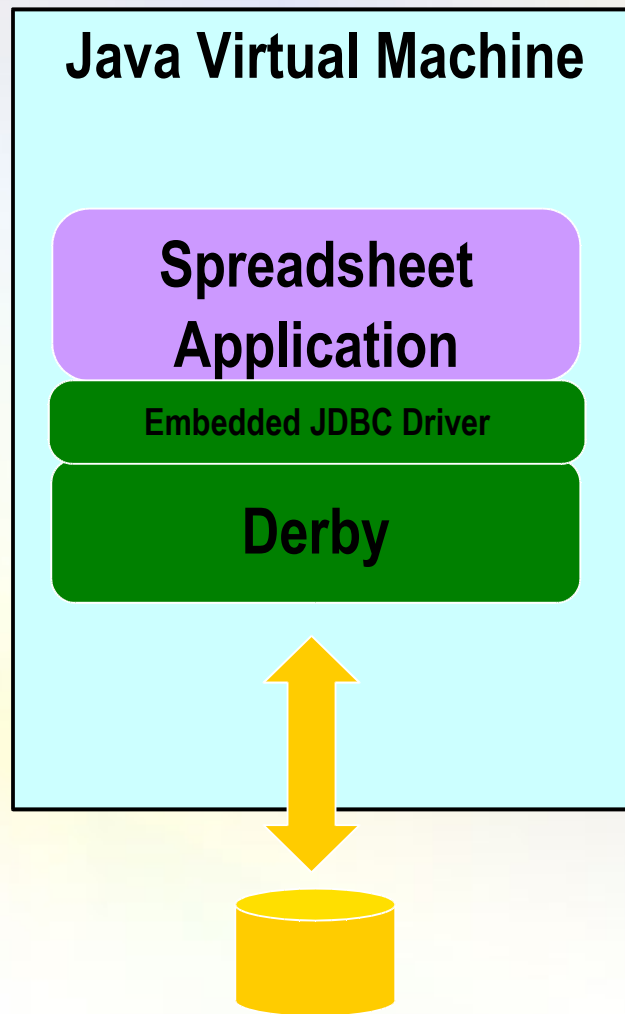


Derby Overview

- Lightweight, 0-admin, pure Java database
- Follows ANSI-SQL and JDBC standards
- Usage: embedded or client/server

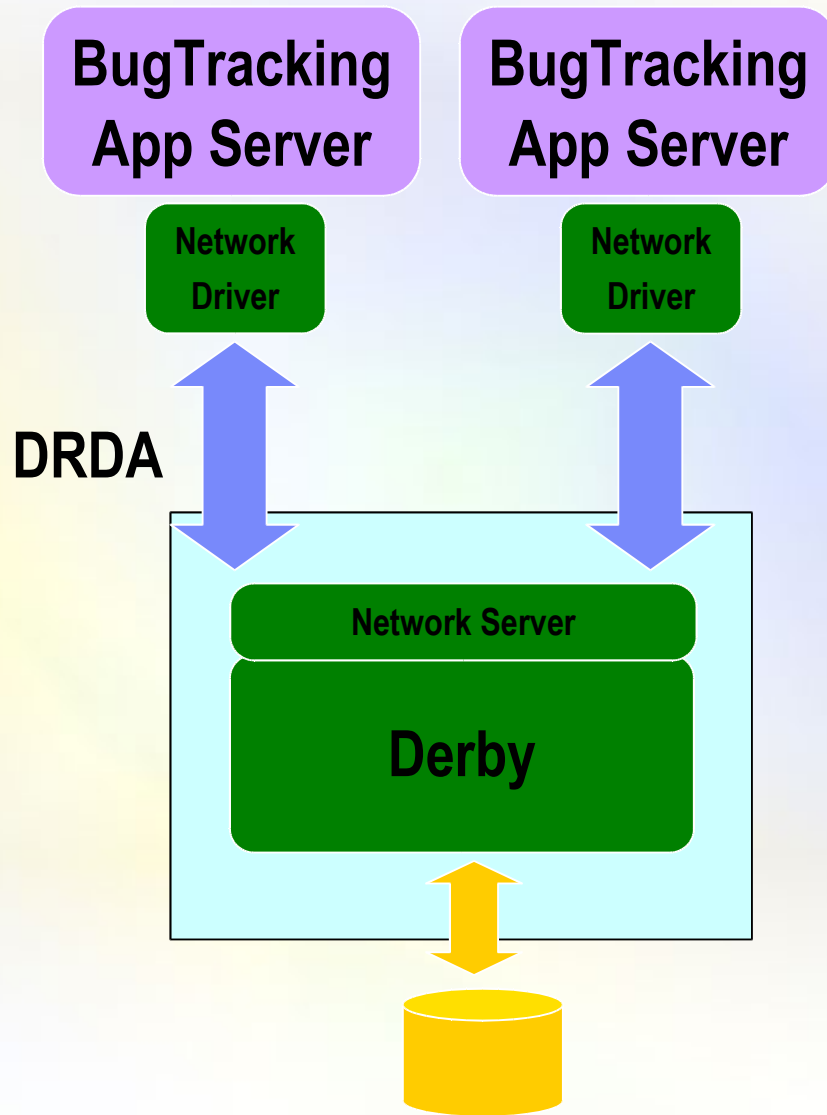


Embedded





Client/Server





User Code

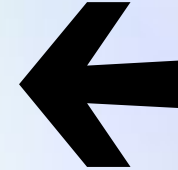
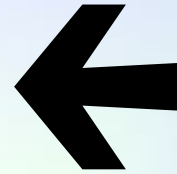
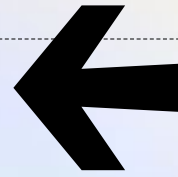
- Functions
 - Compute scalar result
 - Plug into query
- Procedures
 - Perform business operations
 - Plug into trigger or call from application



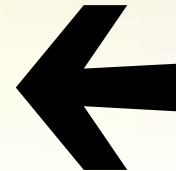


Function Placement

```
select computeAge( birthday ), lastName  
from Student  
where computeAge( birthday ) > 5  
order by computeAge( birthday ), lastName
```



```
select birthday, count(*)  
from Student  
group by birthday  
having computeAge( birthday ) > 10
```





Procedure Placement

call **ScoreTestTaking**(takingID)



create trigger ScoreTestWhenDone

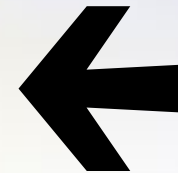
after update of takingDate

on TestTaking

referencing new as testTakingRow

for each row mode db2sql

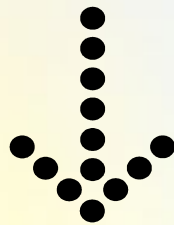
call **ScoreTestTaking**(testTakingRow.takingID)





Triggered Procedure

Update table (client side)



Fires trigger (server-side)



Calls procedure (server-side)



Loops through many rows (server-side)

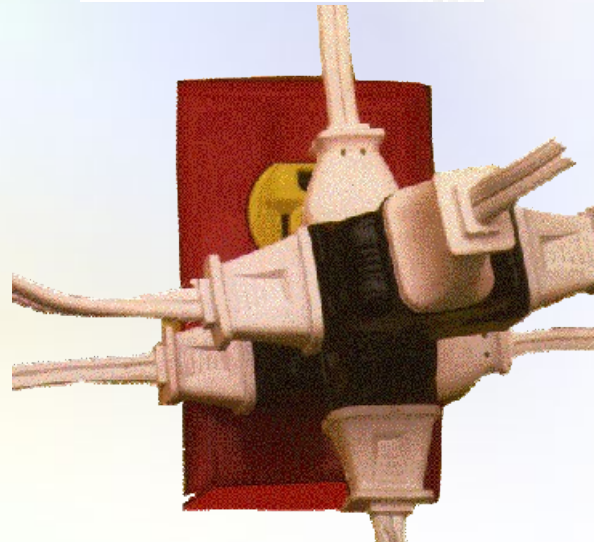


Updates table again (server-side)

Why?



- Integrity
- Performance
- Integration





Integrity

- Push business logic close to data
- Enforce business rules in one place





Integrity Example

create table QuestionTaking

```
(  
    questionID int not null references Question( questionID ),  
    takingID   int not null references TestTaking( takingID ),  
    actualChoice int not null,  
  
    unique( questionID, takingID ),  
    check ( vetChoice( actualChoice, questionID ) > 0 )  
)
```





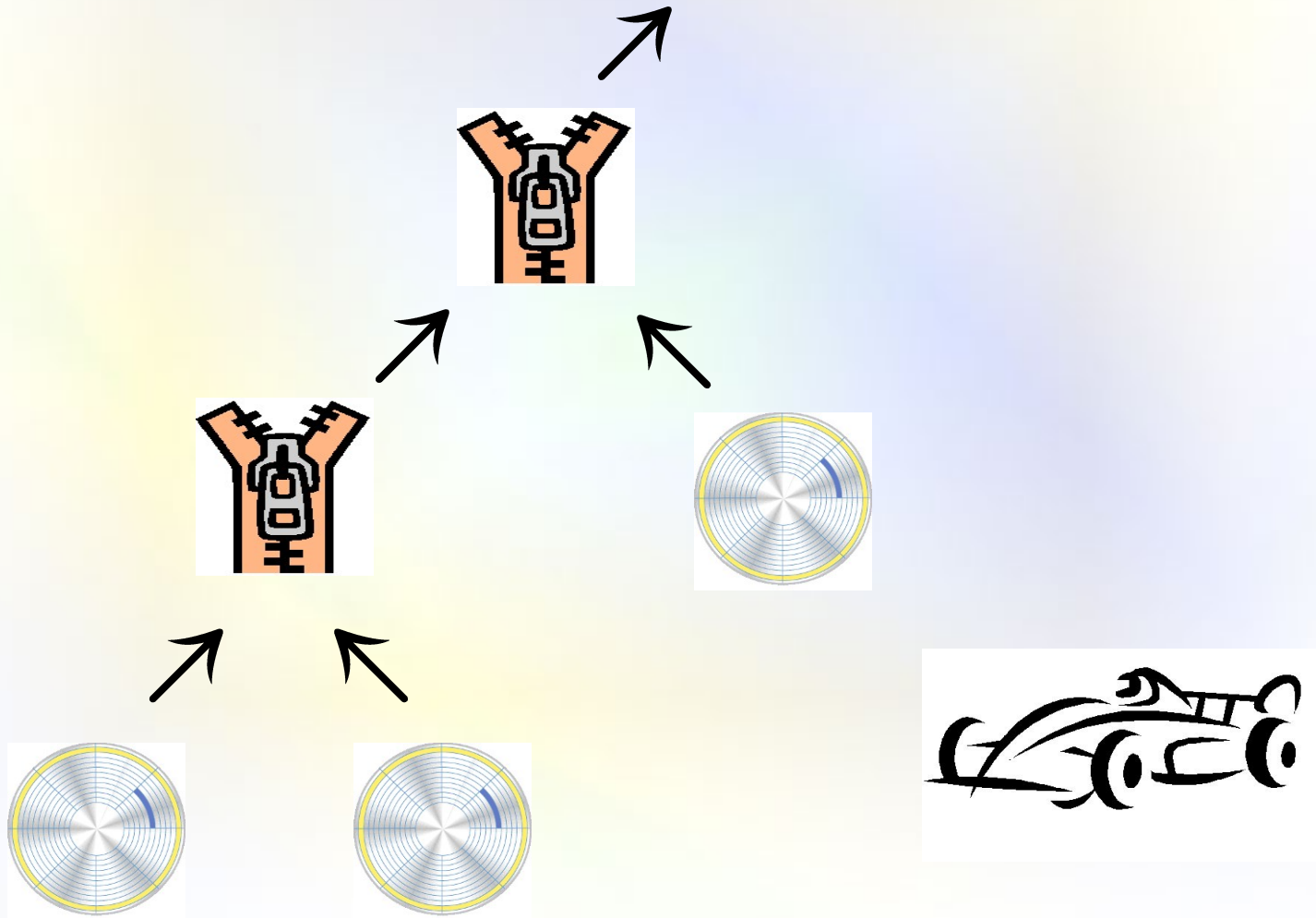
Performance

- Filter out noise early on
- Reduce query execution time
- Reduce network traffic



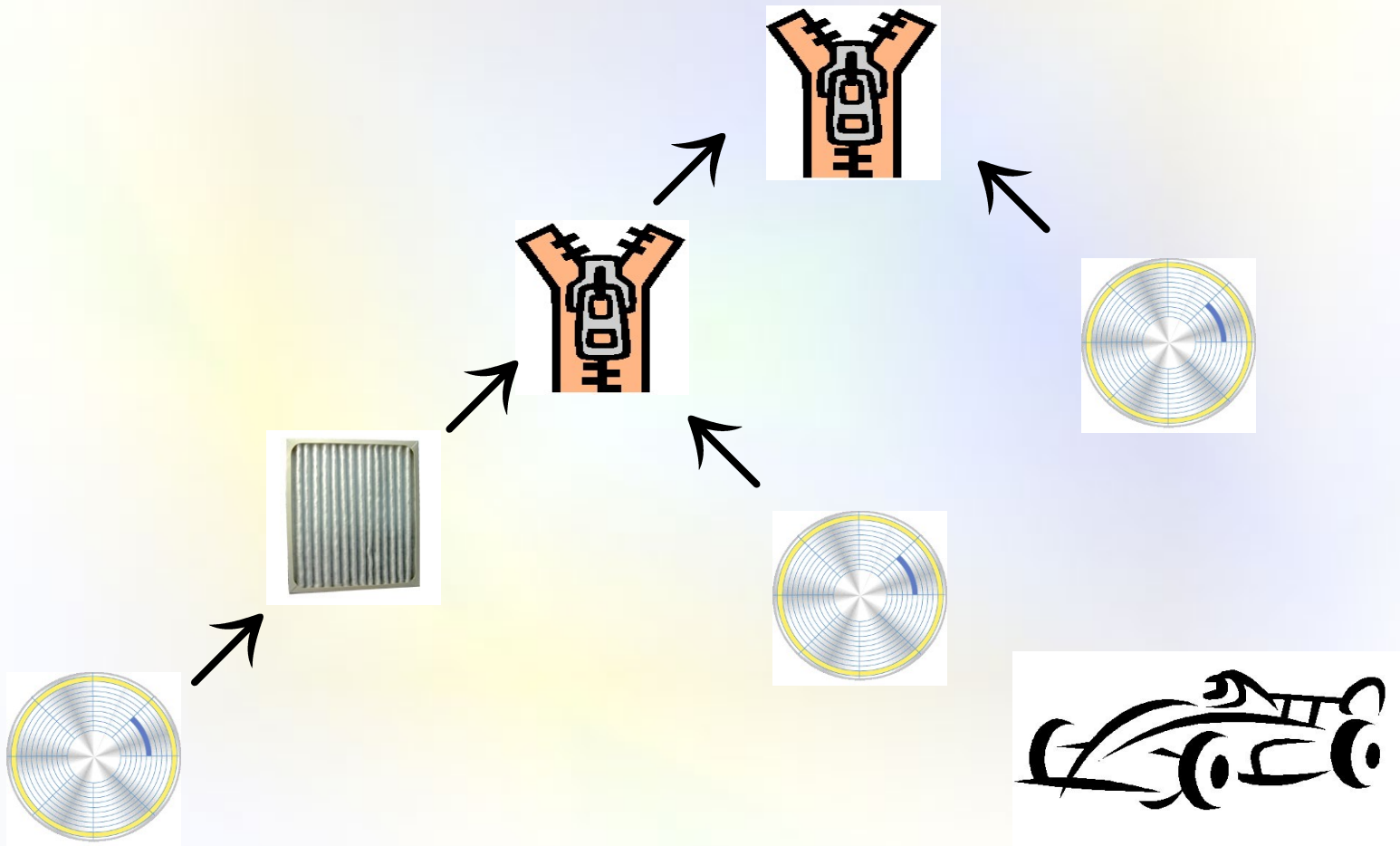


Query Tree





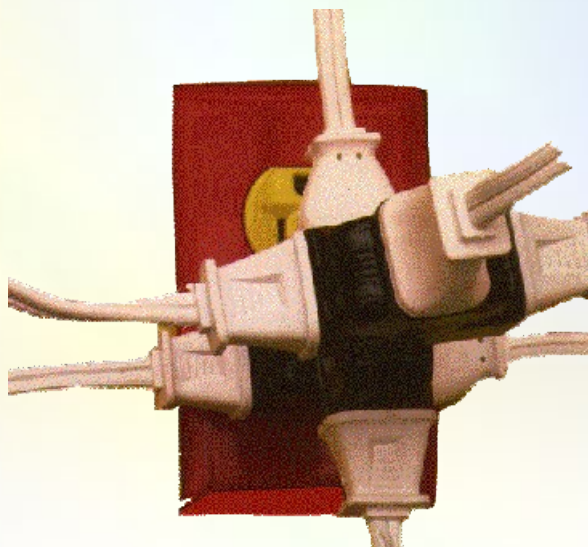
Filtered Tree ↗





Integration

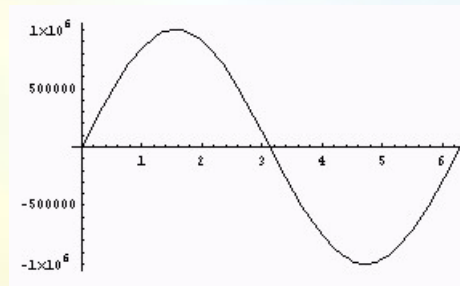
- Re-use existing freeware libraries
- Join with external data





ANSI SQL

- User-written functions
- User-written procedures





Why Java?

- Expressive
- Good exception handling





Why Java?

- Portable datatypes





Why Java?

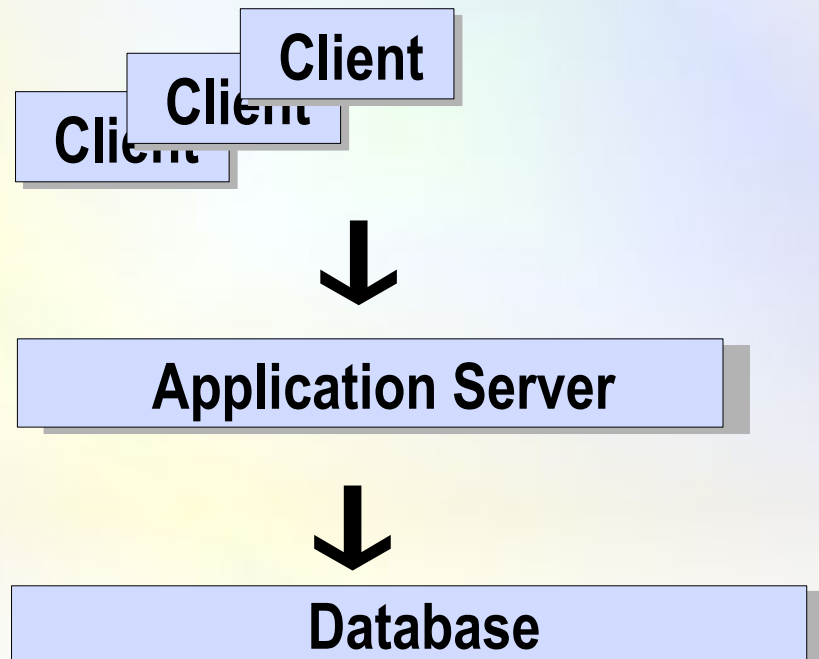
- Large body of available freeware
- Off-the shelf tool support, including debuggers





Java Everywhere

- Same code can run in client, middle tier, and server





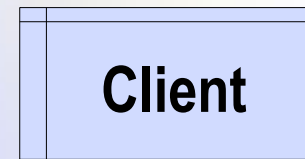
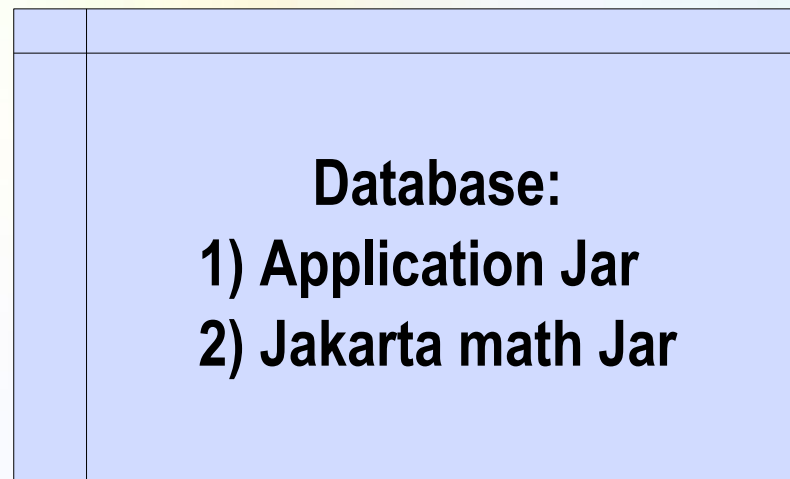
Supporting Databases

- Derby
- Postgres
- Oracle
- DB2
- Sybase





Jars in Database





Derby References

- Developer's Guide
 - “Loading classes from a database”
 - “Derby server-side programming”





Demo Concepts

- Educational testing application
- Students, Schools, Tests, Questions, Takings

